麥當勞品牌再造

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前言

演講者與成員簡介

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課程目標與規範

一、品牌再造



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◆ Eroding Core Competence (核心優勢)

Quality Service Cleanness Value





Why? Quick Business Expansion Year 1995~2000

Replicate Operation Model Globally

Global – over 30,000 restaurants in 120 countries Taiwan –expand to 300 restaurants from 150 1 centralized office to 1 head office & 4 markets



◆ Eroding Core Competence (核心優勢)

Quality Service Cleanness Value





◆ Losing Strategic Position (策略定位)





- Anti Globalization
- Retail/Food Trend
- Environmental Protection
- Technology Advancement
- Fierce Competition











□ No Brutal Fact

Result of Quick Expansion

- ◆ Declining Brand Trust (品牌信任) and Aspiration (品牌魅力)
- Not the customers' first choice

2002年底台灣麥當勞關閉15家分店 2003第一季出現虧損,這是自1965年來首度出 現虧損

2003初全球股價滑落至12美元,為10年來最低

Change or Not Change? Determine factors are ...

Core activities

	Threatened	Not Threatened
Threatened	Radical Change Everything is up in the air.	Creative Change The industry is constantly redeveloping assets and resources.
Not Threatened	Intermediating Change Relationships are fragile.	Progressive Change Companies implement incremental testing and adapt to feedback.

Sore Assets

- The Paradox of Change and Not Change
- The Dream of Branding–Forever + Young





Search for McDonald's Brand

Based on

Consumer Based Brand Equity Model

Find answers for brand revitalization

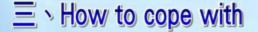
What makes brand strong?

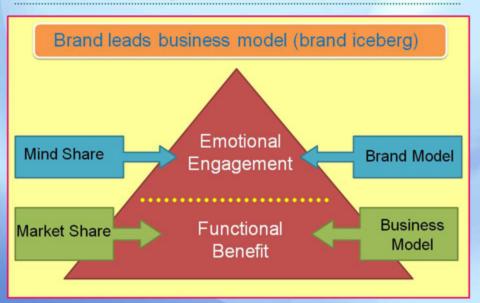
How do you build a strong brand?

∃ Now to cope with

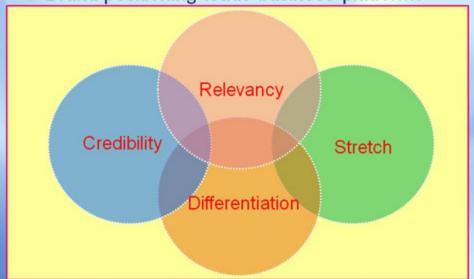


Brand Pyramid

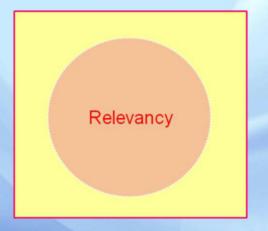


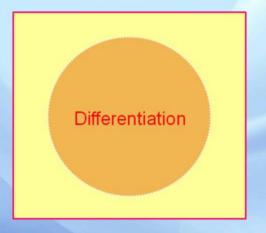








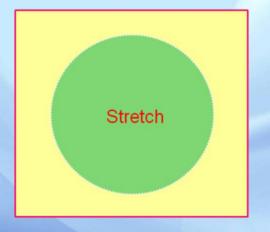


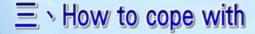


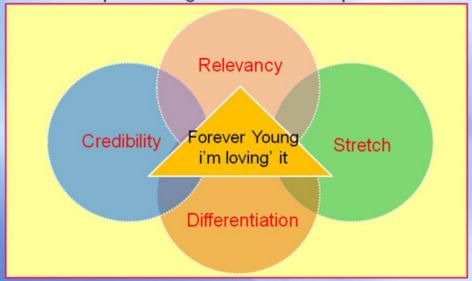














Q1 Stretch已經延展到一個極限了, 現階段還可以朝哪個方向發展?





黃綠紅的系列廣告只有對第一年印象比較深刻,後面兩年的印象不深。 是因為第一年的廣告印象太過強烈 還是後面兩年的創意不夠?





Mc café品牌的核心精神和 Mc Donald's的品牌精神有 何不同?